Application No. 09/851,082 Docket No.: R2184.0079/P079-A Reply to Office Action of September 23, 2005

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

1. (previously presented) An optical recording/reproducing apparatus for recording a sequence of data blocks onto an optical recording medium by using a laser driving current waveform to control emission of a laser beam by a semiconductor laser, and for reproducing the data blocks from the medium, the waveform including a sequence of mark and space data portions each having a data length that corresponds to a multiple of a period of a channel clock based on a recording data modulation method, the optical recording/reproducing apparatus comprising:

a semiconductor laser driver supplying a selected one of a plurality of drive currents, including at least a first-level drive current and a second-level drive current, to the semiconductor laser to control the emission of a laser beam by the laser;

a current driver selectively outputting one of a plurality of increment currents to the laser driver in response to control signals, the plurality of increment currents including a first increment current supplied to the laser driver during an automatic power control process and a second increment current supplied to the laser driver during a special power setting process;

a detection unit detecting a first power sample signal, at a first sampling point of the waveform, from the laser beam emitted when the first increment current is supplied to the laser driver, and the detection unit detecting a second power sample signal, at a second sampling point of the waveform, from the laser beam emitted when the second increment current is supplied to the laser driver; and

a calculation unit calculating a derivative efficiency of the laser based on the first and second power sample signals detected by the detection unit, so that the drive currents of the laser driver, supplied to the laser, are controlled based on the calculated

derivative efficiency.

2. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the current driver is configured into an erase-level current driver which selectively outputs one of a plurality of erase-level increment currents to the laser driver in response to erase-level control signals, the plurality of erase-level increment currents including a first erase-level increment current supplied to the laser driver during the automatic power control process and a second erase-level increment current supplied to the laser driver during the special power setting process.

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3. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the erase-level current driver comprises:

a switch having a first state and a second state, one of which is selected at the switch in response to an erase-level select signal;

a first current source, connected to the switch, which supplies the first erase-level increment current to the laser driver via the switch when the first state is selected; and

a second current source, connected to the switch, which supplies the second erase-level increment current to the laser driver via the switch when the second state is selected.

4. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the erase-level current driver is configured so that the first erase-level increment current, supplied from the erase-level current driver to the

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laser driver, is changed to the second erase-level increment current during a period a space data having a data length larger than a predetermined time is formed on the medium.

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- 5. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the erase-level current driver is configured so that the first and second erase-level increment currents supplied to the laser driver result in first and second erase powers of the laser optical output that are obtained by increasing or decreasing a normal erase power of the laser optical output by a predetermined value.
- 6. (currently amended) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 5, wherein the erase-level current driver is configured so that the first and second erase powers of the laser optical output, which are obtained by increasing or decreasing the normal erase power of the laser optical output by the predetermined value, are included in a proper erase-level <u>rage range</u> for the medium.
- 7. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 2, wherein the calculation unit is configured so that, when a difference between a normal erase power sample obtained by the first erase-level increment current and an upper limit of a proper erase-level range for the medium is less than a reference value, the calculation unit calculates a derivative efficiency of the laser based on the normal erase power sample and an erase power sample that is obtained by decreasing the normal erase power sample by a predetermined value, and when the difference between the normal erase power sample and a lower limit of the proper erase-level range is less than the reference value, the calculation unit calculates a

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derivative efficiency of the laser based on the normal erase power sample and an erasepower sample that is obtained by increasing the normal erase power sample by the predetermined value.

- 8. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the current driver is configured into a space-level current driver that selectively outputs one of a plurality of space-level increment currents to the laser driver in response to space-level control signals, the plurality of space-level increment currents including a first space-level increment current supplied to the laser driver during the automatic power control process and a second space-level increment current supplied to the laser driver during the special power setting process, the second space-level increment current supplied to the laser driver resulting in a drive current produced by the laser driver, which is equal to a peak-level drive current to the laser.
- 9. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 8, further comprising a bias current source supplying a bias current to the laser driver, wherein the laser driver receives the bias current, supplied by the bias current source, and the selected one of the plurality of space-level increment currents, supplied by the space level current driver, and the laser driver supplying a sum of the received bias current and the received space-level increment current to the laser as a space-level drive current that results in a space power of the laser optical output.
- 10. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the space-level current driver comprises:

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a switch having a first state and a second state, one of which is selected at the

switch in response to a space-level select signal;

a first current source, connected to the switch, which supplies the first space-

level increment current to the laser driver via the switch when the first state is selected;

and

a second current source, connected to the switch, which supplies the second

space-level increment current to the laser driver via the switch when the second state is

selected.

11. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus

according to claim 8, wherein the space-level current driver is configured so that the

first space-level increment current, supplied from the space-level current driver to the

laser driver, is changed to the second space-level increment current during a period a

mark data having a data length larger than a predetermined time is formed on the

medium.

12. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus

according to claim 1, wherein the current driver is configured into a bottom-level

current driver that selectively outputs one of a plurality of bottom-level increment

currents to the laser driver in response to bottom-level control signals, the plurality of

bottom-level increment currents including a first bottom-level increment current

supplied to the laser driver during the automatic power control process and a second

bottom-level increment current supplied to the laser driver during the special power

setting process, the second bottom-level increment current supplied to the laser driver

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resulting in a drive current produced by the laser driver, which is equal to a peak-level drive current to the laser.

13. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 12, further comprising a bias current source supplying a bias current to the laser driver, wherein the laser driver receives the bias current, supplied by the bias current source, and the selected one of the plurality of bottom-level increment currents, supplied by the bottom-level current driver, and the laser driver supplying a sum of the received bias current and the received bottom-level increment current to the laser as a bottom-level drive current that results in a bottom power of the laser optical output.

14. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the bottom-level current driver comprises;

a switch having a first state and a second state, one of which is selected at the switch in response to a bottom-level select signal;

a first current source, connected to the switch, which supplied the first bottomlevel increment current to the laser driver via the switch when the first state is selected; and

a second current source, connected to the switch, which supplies the second bottom-level increment current to the laser driver via the switch when the second state is selected.

15. (previously presented) The optical recording/reproducing apparatus according to claim 12, wherein the bottom-level current driver is configured so that the

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the laser driver, is changed to the second bottom-level increment current during a

first bottom-level increment current, supplied from the bottom-level current driver to

period a mark data having a data length larger than predetermined time is formed on

the medium.

Claims 16-30. (canceled)

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